

Regulation
Announcement from the Saxon State Ministry for
Social Affairs and Social Cohesion
on quarantine measures for incoming and return travelers to
combat the coronavirus

(Saxon Corona Quarantine Ordinance - SächsCoronaQuarVO)

12 June 2020

On the basis of section 32 sentence 1 in conjunction with sections 28 to 30 paragraph 1 sentence 2 and with of the Protection against Infection Act of 20 July 2000 (BGBl. I S. 1045), of which Section 28 was last amended by Article 1 number 6 of the Law of March 27, 2020 (BGBl. I p. 587), § 29 last through Article 41 number 7 of the Law of 8 July 2016 (BGBl. I p. 1594) and § 30 last through Article 1 number 18 of the Law of May 19, 2020 (BGBl. P. 1018) has been changed, the Saxon State Ministry for Social Affairs and Social Cohesion decrees:

§ 1

**Domestic quarantine for incoming and return travelers;
observation**

(1) Persons who enter the Free State of Saxony from abroad and have stayed in a risk area in accordance with paragraph 4 at any time within 14 days prior to entry are obliged to go straight to their home or another suitable place immediately after entering Germany To provide accommodation and to secrete there continuously for a period of 14 days after their entry. This also applies to persons who first entered another country in the Federal Republic of Germany. During this period, the persons named in paragraph 1 sentence 1 are not permitted to receive visits from persons who do not belong to their household.

(2) The persons covered by paragraph 1 are obliged to immediately contact the health office responsible for them and to point out the existence of the obligations according to paragraph 1. You are also obliged to inform the competent health authority immediately if symptoms occur that indicate a disease with COVID-19 within the meaning of the current criteria of the Robert Koch Institute.

(3) For the time of segregation, the persons covered by paragraph 1 are subject to observation by the competent health authority.

(4) Risk area within the meaning of paragraph 1 is a state or region outside the Federal Republic of Germany for which there is an increased risk of infection with the SARS-CoV-2 coronavirus at the time of entry into the Federal Republic of Germany. The risk area is classified by the Federal Ministry of Health, the Federal Foreign Office and the Federal Ministry of the Interior, for construction and home and is published by the Robert Koch Institute.

§2

No activity

Persons within the meaning of Section 1 subsection 1 who are resident outside the Free State of Saxony and are subject to a separation requirement there may not perform any professional activity in the Free State of Saxony within the period specified in Section 1 subsection 1 sentence 1.

§3

Exceptions to home quarantine

(1) § 1 does not apply to persons who only enter the Federal Republic of Germany or the Free State of Saxony for transit purposes; these have to leave the territory of the Free State of Saxony directly. The necessary transit through the territory of the Free State of Saxony is permitted here.

(2) Section 1 (1) sentence 1 does not cover persons who have a medical certificate in German or English, which confirms that there is no evidence of an infection with the SARS-CoV-2 coronavirus and that this is the responsibility of the person responsible. Present the authority immediately on request. The medical certificate according to sentence 1 must be based on a molecular biological test for the presence of an infection with the SARS-CoV-2 coronavirus, which is carried out in a member state of the European Union or another state published by the Robert Koch Institute and for a maximum of 48 hours before entering the Federal Republic of Germany. The medical certificate according to sentence 1 must be kept for at least 14 days after entry.

(3) Exemptions can be granted in justified cases, provided that this is justifiable after weighing up all the concerns concerned. Paragraphs 1 to 2 apply only insofar as the persons named there have no symptoms that indicate an illness with COVID-19 in the sense of the current criteria of the Robert Koch Institute. If symptoms appear within 14 days after entry that indicate a disease with COVID-19 within the meaning of the current criteria of the Robert Koch Institute, the persons in accordance with paragraph 2 must immediately inform the competent authority.

(4) Section 1 does not apply to persons who enter the Free State of Saxony (seasonal workers) for a minimum of three weeks from a risk area in accordance with Section 1 (4), if group-related at the place of their accommodation and their activity within the first 14 days after their arrival operational hygiene measures and precautions to avoid contact are taken outside the working group, which are comparable to segregation according to § 1 paragraph 1 sentence 1, and leaving the accommodation is only permitted for the exercise of their activity. The employer notifies the competent health authority of the commencement of work before it begins and documents the measures taken in accordance with sentence 1. The responsible health authority must check compliance with the requirements of sentence 1.

§ 4

Contract execution

In addition to the health authorities, the local police authorities are responsible for compliance with this regulation if the state health authority cannot be reached or acted on time. In these cases, the local police authorities have to inform the responsible health authority immediately about the measures taken.

§ 5

Regulation on fines

Anyone who acts willfully or negligently acts in accordance with § 73 paragraph 1a number 24 of the Infection Protection Act

1. does not separate itself contrary to § 1 paragraph 1 sentence 1,
2. contrary to § 1 paragraph 1 sentence 1, does not go directly to his apartment or other suitable accommodation,

3. receives a visit contrary to § 1 paragraph 1 sentence 3,
4. contrary to Section 1 Paragraph 2 Clause 1 and Clause 2, did not contact the competent health authority or did not contact them in time
5. is engaged in a professional activity contrary to § 2,
6. contrary to § 3 paragraph 1 sentence 1 half sentence 2 does not leave the Free State of Saxony directly,
7. contrary to Section 3 Paragraph 2 Clause 1, does not present the test result to the competent health authority on request
8. contrary to section 3 (3) sentence 3, did not inform the competent health authority or did not inform them in good time or
9. contrary to § 3 paragraph 4 sentence 2, the competent health authority was not informed.

§6

Inception

This decree enters into force on 15 June 2020.

Dresden, June 12, 2020

The Minister of State for Social Affairs
and social cohesion Petra Köpping